

CS 501 / MCS 501 – Computer Algorithms I  
Fall 2020  
Problem Set 4

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**Due:** 11/20/20 by the beginning of class

**Instructions:** Atop your answer sheet, write your name and the names of all the students with whom you have collaborated on this problem set. All answers require explanation or proof.

1. [20 pts] For  $k > 2$ , denote by  $C_k$  the cycle on  $k$  vertices.
  - a. [5 pts] What is the value of the MAX-CUT in  $C_k$  for every  $k > 2$ ?
  - b. [10 pts] Show that the value of the SDP for MAX-CUT is at least  $k(1 - \cos(\pi(1 - 1/k))) / 2$ .
  - c. [5 pts] What is the largest integrality gap for graphs  $C_k$  that you can find?
2. [25 pts] In class, we saw that an LP approach gives a  $3/4$  approximation to MAX-2-SAT. In this problem, we will improve on this guarantee using semidefinite programming. For a formula  $\phi(x_1, \dots, x_n)$  in 2-CNF, we create constraints  $y_i \in \{-1, 1\}$ , where  $y_i$  represents every variable  $x_i$  (and  $-y_i$  for  $\bar{x}_i$ ). We also create a variable  $y_0$  to represent whether  $-1$  or  $1$  stands for *true*. For clauses in the form  $(x_i \vee x_j)$ , we can maximize  $\frac{3+y_i y_0 + y_j y_0 - y_i y_j}{4}$ , which will evaluate to 1 if the clause is satisfied (analogous expressions exist for clauses with negations). Summing this over all clauses would solve the problem, but the constraints  $y_i \in \{-1, 1\}$  preclude this from being an SDP.
  - a. [5 pts] Formulate the above as an optimization problem and give an explicit SDP relaxation.
  - b. [10 pts] Use the above to give a randomized .878 approximation algorithm for MAX-2-SAT.
  - c. [10 pts] Using the result in part b. (even if you were unable to prove it), improve upon the  $3/4$  approximation algorithm for MAX-SAT that we obtained from LP-based methods. (*Hint: try combining the result in b. with the “better of two”  $3/4$  approximation algorithm.*)
3. [20 pts] Give polynomial time algorithms for the following problems. Note, these are not questions about semidefinite programming, but rather about problems whose variants are NP hard and have SDP-based approximation algorithms.
  - a. [10 pts] Deciding whether all clauses in a MAX-2-SAT instance are simultaneously satisfiable.<sup>1</sup> (*Hint: recall that  $(x_i \vee x_j)$  is equivalent  $(-x_i \rightarrow x_j) \wedge (-x_j \rightarrow x_i)$ .)*)
  - b. [5 pts] 2-coloring a 2-colorable graph.
  - c. [5 pts] Coloring a graph with maximum degree  $\Delta$  using  $\Delta + 1$  colors.

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<sup>1</sup>While the MAX-2-SAT problem is NP-hard, this variant of it is in P.