

**Directions:** Answer all questions and show all (intermediate) work in the booklet provided. Start each new question at the top of a new page and box your final answer.

1. (a) (15 pts) Solve the initial value problem:

$$(x^2 + 1)\frac{dy}{dx} = x - xy, \quad y(0) = -1.$$

- (b) (10 pts) Consider the initial value problem:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x^2 + 2t, \quad x(1) = 2.$$

Use Euler's method with step size  $h = \frac{1}{2}$  to estimate  $x(2)$ .

2. (20 pts) A tank has a capacity of 20 L. It initially contains 10 L of pure water. A solution of salt and water is fed into the tank at a rate of 2 L/min with a concentration of 1 kg/L. The solution is drained from the tank at a rate of 1 L/min.

- (a) At what time  $T$  will the tank be filled?  
(b) Determine  $x(t)$ , the amount of salt in the tank at time  $t$ .

3. (20 pts) Find the general solutions to the ordinary differential equations:

(a)  $x^2y'' - xy' + y = 0$

(b)  $y'' - 3y' + 16y = 0$

4. (25 pts) Consider the equation  $y'' + 4y' + 4y = e^{-2t} - 3$ .

- (a) Find the homogeneous solution.  
(b) Find a particular solution (**you must solve for the unknown constants**).  
(c) Write down the general solution.

5. (15 pts) Find the solutions  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$  to the following system of ODEs:

$$\begin{aligned}y' - 2y &= x, & x(0) &= 1 \\x' + y' &= 0, & y(0) &= 1\end{aligned}$$

6. (30 pts) Evaluate the following expressions:

(a)  $\mathcal{L}[(t+1)^3e^t + e^{-2t}\sin 3t]$

(b)  $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{s+6}{s^2+4s+20} + \frac{G(s)}{s^2}\right]$  where  $G(s) = \mathcal{L}[g(t)]$

7. (25 pts) Consider the following initial value problem:

$$x'' - 4x = 3\delta(t - 2), \quad x(0) = 0, \quad x'(0) = 1$$

- (a) Find the Laplace transform of the solution  $X(s)$ .
- (b) Use the inverse Laplace transform to find the solution  $x(t)$ .

8. (20 pts) Consider the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } -2\pi < x < -\pi \\ 0, & \text{if } -\pi < x < \pi \\ 1, & \text{if } \pi < x < 2\pi \end{cases}$ .

- (a) Compute the Fourier expansion of  $f(x)$  on  $[-2\pi, 2\pi]$ .
- (b) Define the function to which the Fourier series from part (a) converges.

9. (20 pts) Find the solution  $u(x, t)$  to:

$$u_t = u_{xx}$$

$$\text{I.C. : } u(x, 0) = \pi + \cos 2x - 3 \cos 5x$$

$$\text{B.C.s : } \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(0, t) = 0 = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(\pi, t)$$