## Math 220 Quiz 2 Solution

- 1. A tank initially contains 20 L of pure water. A solution of salt and water flows into the tank at a rate of 3 L/min and has a concentration of 1 kg/L. The solution flows out of the tank at a rate of 3 L/min. Determine x(t), the amount of salt in the tank at time t.
- 2. Write the general solution y(x) to the following ODE:

$$y'' + 6y' + 8y = 0$$

3. Write the form of the particular solution to the ODE:

$$y'' + 6y' + 8y = x^2 - e^{2x}$$

## Note: DO NOT SOLVE FOR THE COEFFICIENTS!

## Solution:

1. The flow rates in and out are the same so the volume will remain constant at V = 20 L. The governing ODE is:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \text{rate in} - \text{rate out}$$
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = r_i c_i - r_o c_o$$
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = (3)(1) - (3) \left(\frac{x}{V}\right)$$
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3 - \frac{3}{20}x$$
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{60 - x}{20}$$

The above equation is both separable and linear. We'll solve by separation of variables:

$$\int \frac{dx}{60 - x} = \int 20 \, dt$$
$$-\ln|60 - x| = 20t + C$$

Initially, there is pure water so x(0) = 0. Plugging in t = 0 and x = 0 and solving for C we get:

$$-\ln|60 - 0| = 20(0) + C \Rightarrow C = -\ln 60$$

The solution is:

$$-\ln |60 - x| = 20t - \ln 60$$
$$\ln |60 - x| - \ln 60 = -20t$$
$$\ln \left|\frac{60 - x}{60}\right| = -20t$$
$$\frac{60 - x}{60} = e^{-20t}$$
$$x(t) = 60 - 60e^{-20t}$$

2. The auxiliary equation is  $r^2 + 6r + 8 = (r+4)(r+2) = 0$ . The roots are r = -4, -2. Thus, the general solution is:

$$y(x) = c_1 e^{-4x} + c_2 e^{-2x}$$

3. The form of the particular solution is:

$$y_p(x) = A_2 x^2 + A_1 x + A_0 + B e^{2x}$$