

## Homework 4

Due Monday, February 18 in class (1:00pm)

(—) From the textbook: 19.2, 19.3, 19.7, 19.8, 20.3a

(P1) Consider the subspace topology on the set  $\mathbb{Q}$  of rational numbers, as a subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  with the standard topology. Here is one way to construct a continuous function from  $\mathbb{Q}$  to  $\mathbb{Q}$ : Take a continuous function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , restrict its domain to  $\mathbb{Q}$ , and if this restricted function takes only rational values, then we can restrict the codomain as well to obtain a continuous function  $\mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$ . (For example, the function  $f(x) = x^2 + x + 1$  on  $\mathbb{R}$  yields a continuous function  $\mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$  in this way.)

Are *all* continuous functions  $\mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$  obtained in this way? (Whatever the answer, give a proof.)

*Note: This assignment originally included another problem (20.4a), but that has been postponed to Homework 5 because we did not cover the uniform topology on  $\mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{N}}$  before this homework was collected.*