

Item: 1 of 1 | [Return to headlines](#)[MSN-Support](#) | [Help Index](#)Select alternative format: [BibTeX](#) | [ASCII](#)**MR1079841 (91m:58152)****[Douglas, R. G.](#) (1-SUNYS); [Hurder, S.](#) (1-ILCC); [Kaminker, J.](#) (1-INPI)****Cyclic cocycles, renormalization and eta-invariants.***Invent. Math.* **103** (1991), *no. 1*, 101–179.[58G12](#) ([19D55](#) [46L99](#) [57R30](#))

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Let  $M$  be a compact, oriented, odd-dimensional Riemannian manifold and  $D$  an operator of Dirac type on  $M$ . Let  $E$  be a trivialized Hermitian vector bundle over  $M$  equipped with a flat connection with holonomy  $\alpha: \pi_1(M) \rightarrow \mathrm{U}(n)$ . The relative  $\eta$ -invariant of  $D$  with coefficients in  $(E, \alpha)$  is a real number which measures the incompatibility of the trivialization and the flat structure. Now let  $V$  be the principal  $\mathrm{U}(n)$ -bundle of frames of  $E$ .  $V$  is equipped with a foliation  $\mathcal{F}_\alpha$  coming from the flat structure, and this foliation has a transverse measure coming from Haar measure on  $\mathrm{U}(n)$ . The operator  $D$  lifts naturally to a leafwise operator  $D_\alpha$  on  $\mathcal{F}_\alpha$ , and the “Toeplitz” operator, defined by  $D_\alpha$  and the unitary multiplier  $V \rightarrow \mathrm{U}(n)$  coming from the trivialization of  $E$ , has a real-valued index. It turns out that the topological formula for this index obtained from Connes’ measured foliation index theorem is the same as the topological formula for the relative  $\eta$ -invariant given by Atiyah, Patodi and Singer. The article under review provides an analytic explanation of this “coincidence”.

The proof proceeds by relating both analytic invariants to a third one, the transverse index of  $D_\alpha$  considered as an operator transverse to the action of  $G = \mathrm{U}(n)$  on  $V$ . This transverse index (defined by Connes) is an odd cyclic cocycle over the foliation algebra for the  $G$ -action, which is itself a module over the convolution algebra of smooth functions on  $G$ . The transverse index is related to the leafwise index by a procedure that the authors term “renormalization”; roughly speaking, the Haar measure on  $G$  (which is used in the construction of the leafwise index) is represented by the leading term in the asymptotic expansion of the scalar heat kernel on  $G$ , and this heat kernel is then multiplied into the transverse index-cocycle. A technical problem in doing this arises from the different notions of “parametrix” appropriate to leafwise and transverse operators.

The transverse index is related to the  $\eta$ -invariant by harmonic analysis on  $G$ . Given a character

$\chi$ , the ordinary Toeplitz index on the space of  $\chi$ -isotypical functions can be interpreted as a spectral flow. The authors show that the relative  $\eta$ -invariant can be evaluated as an average spectral flow, where the averaging takes place over an exhaustion sequence for the space  $\widehat{G}$  of irreducible representations of  $G$ ; this uses uniform estimates on the  $\eta$ -invariant due to Cheeger and Gromov. They then show that the renormalized transverse index can be identified with this “average” Toeplitz index, using the fact that the heat kernel on  $G$  defines an exhaustion sequence in  $\widehat{G}$ .

An announcement of the results has previously been published [the authors, Bull. Amer. Math. Soc. (N.S.) **21** (1989), no. 1, 83–87; [MR 90g:58128](#)].

**Reviewed** by [John Roe](#)

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