## Lecture 1: Why and What

## August 26, 2003

## 1. class organization; questions, questions, questions, readings

- (a) my quasimin notes; emaec
- (b) Morley: omitting classes of elements, Categoricity in power
- (c) Zilber and Shelah webpages: first Zilber is Quasiminimal excellence paper.
- (d) Shelah: 87ab, 88?, 394, 576!, 600, (705, 734 may not exist yet)
- (e) Lessmann notes
- (f) Grossberg (website) and Hytinnen
- 2. limits of first order
  - (a) vector spaces over  $\mathbb{R}$
  - (b) complex exponentiation
  - (c) Banach spaces
- 3. big question: To what extent do the structural characterizations of stability theory depend on the formulation in first order logic?
- 4. the choice of syntax
  - (a) infinitary logic
  - (b) L(Q)
  - (c) finite diagrams define
  - (d) connections of infinitary logic and finite diagrams will be a lecture
  - (e) Abstract Elementary Classes
- 5. Amalgamation properties
  - (a) compactness
  - (b) amalgamation over sets
  - (c) excellence (doesn't quite fit)
  - (d) amalgamation over models
- 6. Zilber thesis: Natural mathematical structures have canonical descriptions (canonical equals categoricity in power)
- 7. Shelah program

- (a) Categoricity in power is a natural question
- (b) When are all models of a class K determined by those of the smallest size?

## 8. background

- (a) Morley's theorem: stability implies an  $\omega_1$ -saturated model in every cardinality. Indiscernibles, prime models, and formulas are used to show that if there is a non-saturated model anywhere, then there is non  $\omega_1$ -saturated model in every cardinal.
- (b) Keisler's theorem: arb large models and cat model homogeneous
- (c) Survey of Shelah results?