

MATH 215 (WHYTE, F18) SAMPLE FINAL

- (1) Prove that if a and b are integers with $ab = 0$ then $a = 0$ or $b = 0$
- (2) Prove that if p is a prime number and p divides a product $n_1 n_2 \dots n_k$ of integers then $p | n_i$ for some i
- (3) Show that if n is odd and $2^{m_1} \equiv 2^{m_2} \pmod{n}$ then $2^{m_2 - m_1} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$
- (4) If $f : A \rightarrow B$ is an injective function then for all $S \subset A$, $S = f^{-1}(f(S))$. Give an example to show this isn't true without the assumption of injectivity.
- (5) Prove that there is no integer n with $n^2 + 4n + 2 = 0$
- (6) Show that if $a \equiv b \pmod{n}$ then $a^k \equiv b^k \pmod{n}$ for all $k \in \mathbb{N}$
- (7) Suppose $f : A \rightarrow B$ and $g : B \rightarrow C$ are functions where g is injective and f is not surjective. Prove that $g \circ f$ cannot be surjective.
- (8) Suppose $a \equiv b \pmod{n}$, show that $\gcd(a, n) = \gcd(b, n)$