## Math 215: Introduction to Advanced Mathematics Midterm I–Study Guide

• The midterm exam will be on Friday October 4. The exam will cover chapters 1–6.

• The course web page contains a week-by-week syllabus

http://www.math.uic.edu/~marker/math215-F13/wtow.html
This is a good way of seeing which material you are responsible for.
One good way to study is to work on the sample problems suggested on the course web page.

## Key Concepts Chapters 1–6

- Chapter 1–The Language of Mathematics
  - mathematical statements, propositions, predicates
  - building compound statements using AND, OR, and NOT.
  - truth tables—using truth tables to prove that statements are equivalent
  - negating statements: not (P and Q) is equivalent to (not P or not Q);jbr; not(P or Q) is equivalent to (not Q or not P)
- Chapter 2–Impication
  - implications, universal implications
  - negating an implication: not (P=iQ) is equivalent to (P and not Q)
  - reading phrases like "P is necessary for Q", "P whenever Q"... as implications
  - converses
  - contrapositives
  - if and only if statements
- Chapter 3–Proofs
  - direct proofs
  - proof by cases
  - proof by proving contrapositive

- Chapter 4–Proof by Contradiction
  - contradictions
  - proof by contradiction
  - proving  $P \Rightarrow Q$  by contradiction
  - proving  $P \Rightarrow (QorR)$  by contradiction
  - the square root of 2 is irrational
  - there are infinitely many prime numbers
- Chapter 5–The Induction Principle
  - proof by induction
  - changing the base case
  - definition by induction
  - strong induction
- Chapter 6–The Language of Set Theory
  - sets
  - equality of sets: proving two sets are equal
  - subsets: proving one set is a subset of another
  - the empty set
  - union, intersection and difference of sets
  - Venn diagrams
  - power sets
  - complements

## Sample Exam

- 1) Consider the statement: if a > b, then f(a) > f(b).
  - a) What is the contrapositive of this statement?
  - b) What is the converse of this statement?
  - c) What is the negation of this statement?
- 2) a) Determine the truth table for

$$(P \Rightarrow Q) \Rightarrow (Q \Rightarrow P)$$

- b) Find a simpler statement equivalent to  $(P\Rightarrow Q)\Rightarrow (Q\Rightarrow P).$
- 3) Sketch the proof the  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.

4) Prove that an integer n is divisible by 10 if and only if n is divisible by 2 and n is divisible by 5.

5) Prove that

$$\prod_{i=2}^{n} \left(1 - \frac{1}{i^2}\right) = \frac{n+1}{2n}$$

for all  $n \geq 2$ .

6) Prove that  $A \subseteq B$  if and only if  $A \cup B \subseteq B$ .