

THE BAIRE CLASSES

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Proposition 1. *Let X be metrisable and $1 \leq \xi < \zeta$. Then $\Sigma_\xi^0 \cup \Pi_\xi^0 \subseteq \Delta_\zeta^0$. It follows that we have the following diagram where every class is contained in all the classes to the right of it.*

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc}
 & & \Sigma_1^0 & & \Sigma_2^0 & & \dots & & \Sigma_\omega^0 & & \dots \\
 \Delta_1^0 & & & \Delta_2^0 & & \dots & \Delta_\omega^0 & & & \Delta_{\omega+1}^0 & \dots \\
 & & \Pi_1^0 & & \Pi_2^0 & & \dots & & \Pi_\omega^0 & & \dots
 \end{array}$$

Proof. Note that, as $\Delta_\zeta^0 = \Sigma_\zeta^0 \cap \Pi_\zeta^0$ is closed under complementation, it suffices to prove that $\Sigma_\xi^0 \subseteq \Delta_\zeta^0 = \Sigma_\zeta^0 \cap \Pi_\zeta^0$. Also, as $\Sigma_\zeta^0 \subseteq \{\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n \mid A_n \in \bigcup_{\eta < \zeta} \Sigma_\eta^0\} = \Pi_\zeta^0$, we need only verify that $\Sigma_\xi^0 \subseteq \Sigma_\zeta^0$.

Suppose first that $A \in \Sigma_\xi^0$ and $\xi \geq 2$. Then we can write $A = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n$ for some $A_n \in \bigcup_{\eta < \xi} \Pi_\eta^0 \subseteq \bigcup_{\eta < \zeta} \Pi_\eta^0$, showing that also $A \in \Sigma_\zeta^0$.

If instead $A \in \Sigma_\xi^0$ for $\xi = 1$, then A is open and thus also F_σ , i.e., $A \in \Sigma_2^0 \subseteq \Sigma_\zeta^0$. So $\Sigma_\xi^0 \subseteq \Sigma_\zeta^0$. \square

Since thus the classes Σ_ξ^0 , Π_ξ^0 and Δ_ξ^0 are increasing with ξ and the supremum of a countable sequence of countable ordinals is $< \omega_1$, one easily checks that their unions over $\xi < \omega_1$ are σ -algebras, from which we get the following result.

Corollary 2. $\mathcal{B}(X) = \bigcup_{\xi < \omega_1} \Sigma_\xi^0 = \bigcup_{\xi < \omega_1} \Pi_\xi^0 = \bigcup_{\xi < \omega_1} \Delta_\xi^0$.