Worksheet 7.2: Factoring by Grouping

1. Multiply the following polynomials:

(a)
$$(b+1)(a+2) =$$

(b)
$$(x^2-3)(x-1) =$$

2. Factoring By Grouping is the *inverse* (i.e. the mathematical opposite) of multiplying polynomials. For example, since

$$(x^{2}+2)(x-1) = x^{2}(x-1) + 2(x-1) = x^{3} - x^{2} + 2x - 2$$

we can reverse the process:

$$x^{3} - x^{2} + 2x - 2 = x^{2}(x - 1) + 2(x - 1) = (x^{2} + 2)(x - 1)$$

Factor each of the following by grouping. You may need to change the order of the terms. Be sure to check your answers by multiplying all the factors back together.

$$ab + b + 2a + 2 =$$
 Check:

$$x^3 - x^2 - 3x + 3 =$$
 Check:

$$mx + qx + my + qy =$$

Check:

$$m^3 + 4m^2 - 6m - 24 =$$

Check:

$$6ax - by + 2bx - 3ay =$$

Check:

$$2rs + 4s - r - 2 =$$

Check:

$$x^2y + 6x - 3x^3 - 2y =$$

Check:

$$8 + 9y^4 - 6y^3 - 12y =$$

Check:

$$2x^3y^2 + x^2y^2 - 14xy^2 - 7y^2 =$$

Check: