(due October 28)

**Problem 1.** Compute the following gcd's using the Euclidean algorithm:

- 1. *gcd*(46, 112).
- 2. gcd(426,252).
- 3. *gcd*(142,235).

**Problem 2.** Prove the following claims:

- 1. For any integers  $n_1$ ,  $n_2$  and m > 0  $n_1 \equiv n_2 \pmod{m}$  if and only if  $n_1 n_2$  is divisible by m.
- 2. For every integers *n* and m > 0,  $n \equiv n \mod m \pmod{m}$

**Problem 3.** Prove that for any non-zero integers  $n_1$ ,  $n_2$ :

- 1.  $1 \leq gcd(n_1, n_2) \leq n_1, n_2$ .
- 2.  $gcd(n_1, n_2) = n_1$  if and only if  $n_1$  divides  $n_2$ .

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**Problem 4.** Prove that for any integers  $n_1, n_2, m$ , where m > 0,

 $n_1 \operatorname{mod} m = 1 \Longrightarrow n_1 \cdot n_2 \equiv n_2(\operatorname{mod} m).$ 

**Problem 5.** Prove that for every natural number n,  $n^2$  is divisible by 25 if and only if n is divisible by 5.

[Hint: Use the exercise we saw in class that *n* is divisible by 5 iff  $n^2$  is divisible by 5.]